$\qquad$

## Properties of Translations

## Practice and Problem Solving: C

The vertices of a figure are given. Draw the figure. Then draw its image after the described translation.

1. $R(-4,4), S(3,4), T(3,2)$

Translate 1 unit left and 6 units down.

2. $A(-3,-7), B(7,-7), C(6,-3), D(0,-2)$ Translate 3 units left and 7 units up.

3. Figure $A B C D E F$ is given.
a. Translate $A B C D E F 6$ units left and 2 units down. What are the coordinates of $A^{\prime} B^{\prime} C^{\prime} D^{\prime} E^{\prime} F^{\prime}$ ?
$\qquad$
b. Translate $A^{\prime} B^{\prime} C^{\prime} D^{\prime} E^{\prime} F^{\prime} 4$ units down. What are the coordinates of $A " B " C " D " E " F " ?$
c. Translate $A " B " C " D " E " F " 6$ units right and 2 units up. What are the coordinates of $A^{\prime \prime \prime} B^{\prime \prime \prime} C^{\prime \prime \prime} D^{\prime \prime \prime} E^{\prime \prime \prime} F^{\prime \prime \prime}$ ?

d. A pattern of a figure that repeats and covers a plane without overlapping and without gaps is called a tessellation. Can figure $A B C D E F$ be translated to create a tessellation? Explain.
4. A translation of each point $(x, y)$ of a figure can be described using the coordinate notation $(x, y) \rightarrow(x+a, y+b)$, where a represents the horizontal distance moved and $b$ represents the vertical distance moved. For triangle $P Q R$ with vertices $P(-3,-1), Q(0,-1)$, and $R(-1,-3)$, find the coordinates of the vertices of the image after the translation $(x, y) \rightarrow(x-5, y+7)$.

## UNIT 4: Transformational Geometry

## MODULE 9 Transformations and Congruence

## LESSON 9-1

Practice and Problem Solving: A/B

1. 5 units right and 8 units down
2. 2 units left and 9 units up
3. 


4.

5. a.

b. Area of $J K L M=28$ square units, area of $J K L M^{\prime}=28$ square units
c. No; the image and preimage are congruent, so they have the same size. This means that the areas are the same.

## Practice and Problem Solving: C

1. 


2.

3.

a. $A^{\prime}(-6,0), B^{\prime}(-4,2), C^{\prime}(0,2)$, $D^{\prime}(2,0), E^{\prime}(0,-2), F^{\prime}(-4,-2)$
b. $A^{\prime \prime}(-6,-4), B^{\prime \prime}(-4,-2), C^{\prime \prime}(0,-2)$, $D^{\prime \prime}(2,-4), E^{\prime \prime}(0,-6), F^{\prime \prime}(-4,-6)$
c. $A^{\prime \prime \prime}(0,-2), B^{\prime \prime \prime}(2,0), C^{\prime \prime \prime}(6,0)$, $D^{\prime \prime \prime}(8,-2), E^{\prime \prime \prime}(6,-4), F^{\prime \prime \prime}(2,-4)$
d. Yes; the figures cover the plane without overlapping and without any gaps.
4. $P^{\prime}(-8,6), Q^{\prime}(-5,6), R^{\prime}(-6,4)$

## Practice and Problem Solving: D

1. $A^{\prime}(-7,-2)$
2. $B(6,6)$
3. $C(-3,-5)$
4. side $A^{\prime} B^{\prime}$
5. angle $C^{\prime}$
6. The translation moves the triangle 9 units left and 6 units down.
7. a. The point is translated 2 units right and 8 units down.
b.

c. They are congruent.
8. 


9.


## Reteach

1. 


2.


